Topo-Bathymetric Airborne Laser Scanning System

with Online Waveform Processing and Full Waveform Recording

RIEGLVQ-880-GH

- designed for combined topographic and bathymetric airborne survey
- green laser scanner with up to 700kHz measurement rate
- IR laser scanner with up to 279kHz measurement rate and improved ranging performance
- high accuracy ranging based on echo digitization and online waveform processing with multiple-target capability
- multiple-time-around processing for straightforward mission planning and operation
- concurrent full waveform output for all measurements for subsequent full waveform analysis for the green channel
- integrated inertial navigation system
- up to two integrated digital cameras
- form factor with reduced height optimized for helicopter integrations

The *RIEGL*® VQ-880-GH is a fully integrated airborne laser scanning system for combined topographic and bathymetric surveying. The system is offered with integrated and factory-calibrated high-end GNSS/IMU system and up to two cameras. The design allows flexible application of these components to meet specific requirements. Complemented by a *RIEGL* data recorder, the *RIEGL* VQ-880-GH LIDAR system can be installed on various platforms in a straightforward way.

The *RIEGL* VQ-880-GH carries out laser range measurements for high resolution surveying of underwater topography with a narrow, visible green laser beam, emitted from a powerful pulsed laser source. Subject to clarity, at this particular wavelength the laser beam penetrates water enabling measurement of submerged targets.

The distance measurement is based on the time-of-flight measurement with very short laser pulses and subsequent echo digitization and online waveform processing. To handle target situations with most complex multiple echo signals, beside the online waveform processing the digitized echo waveforms can be stored on the *RIEGL* solid state data recorder for subsequent off-line waveform analysis.

The laser beam is deflected in a circular scan pattern and hits the water surface at a nominally constant incidence angle.

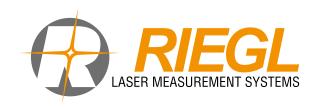
The VQ-880-GH comprises a high precision inertial measurement sensor for subsequent precise estimation of the instrument's exact location and orientation. Two high-resolution digital cameras and an additional infrared laser scanner are integrated to supplement the data gained by the green laser scanner.

The rugged internal mechanical structure together with the dust- und splash water proof housing enables long-term operation on airborne platforms.

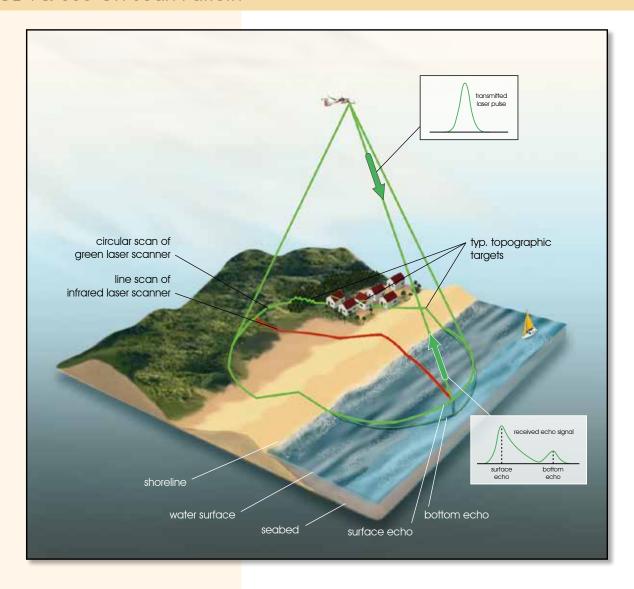
Typical applications include

- · coastline and shallow water mapping
- acquiring base data for flood prevention
- measurement for aggradation zones
- habitat mapping
- · surveying for hydraulic engineering
- hydro-archeological-surveying

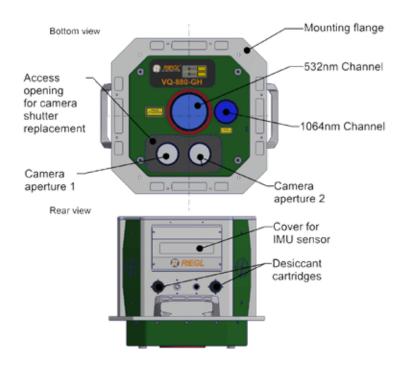


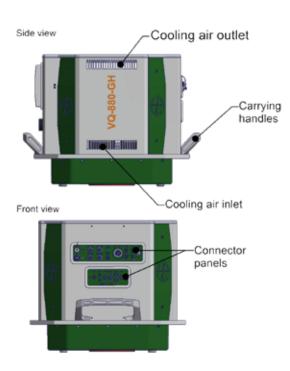


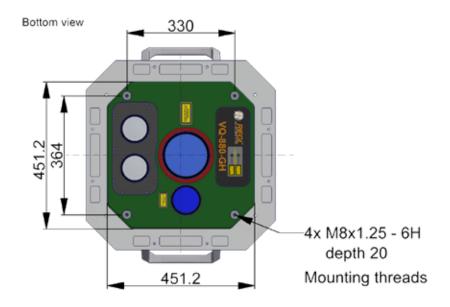
RIEGL VQ-880-GH Scan Pattern

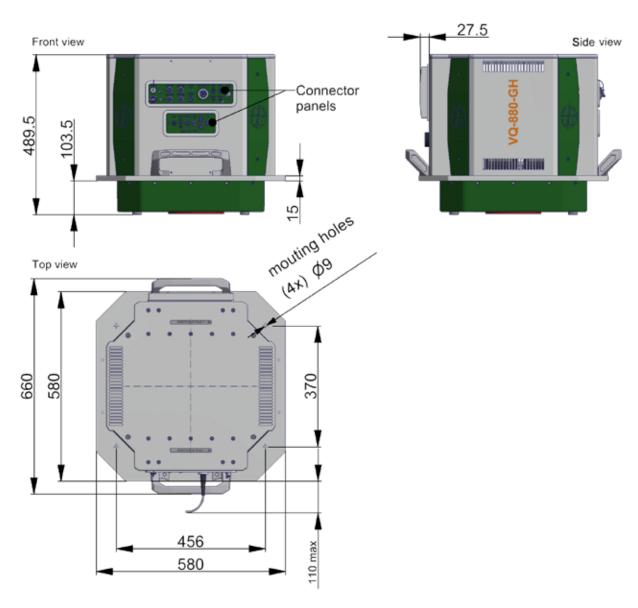


RIEGL VQ-880-GH Elements of Function and Operation









all dimensions in mm

RIEGL VQ-880-GH Technical Data

Export Classification

The Topo-Bathymetric Airborne Laser Scanner VQ-880-GH has been designed and developed for commercial topographic, hydrographic and bathymetric surveying applications.

Laser Product Classification

Class 3B Laser Product according to IEC60825-1:2014

The following clause applies for instruments delivered into the Unified States: Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed.3., as described in Laser Notice

The instrument must be used only in combination with the appropriate

NOHD 1)

1) NOHD ... Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance, based upon MPE according to IEC60825-1:2014, for single pulse condition

The VQ-880-GH is subject to export restrictions as set up by the Wassenaar Arrangement. It is classified as dual-use good according to position number 6A8j3 of the official Dual-Use-List to be found on site http://www.wassenaar.org.

Within the European Union, Council Regulation (EC) No 428/2009 implements the export restrictions of the Wassenaar Arrangement. The corresponding position number is 6A008j3.









180 m²⁾

NOHD is determined by green laser scanner, @ 80 lps, 1.1 mrad, 550 kHz;
 NOHD of the infrared laser scanner: 60 m @ 900 kHz

INFRARED LASER CHANNEL

Range Measurement Performance

Measuring Principle

time of flight measurement, echo signal digitization, online waveform processing

Max. Measurement Range 3) 4) 5) 150 kHz 300 kHz 600 kHz 900 kHz @ Laser Pulse Repetition Rate natural targets p≥20 % 1800 m 1300 m 950 m 800 m 2100 m 1300 m natural targets p≥60 % 2800 m 1600 m 1600 m (5250 ft.) Max. Operating Flight Altitude 6) 1100 m (3600 ft.) 850 m (2790 ft.) 700 m (2290 ft.) Above Ground Level (AGL)

Minimum Range 7) Accuracy 8) 10) Precision 9) 10) Laser Pulse Repetition Rate 11) 12)

Max. Effective Measurement Rate 6) 12)

Echo Signal Intensity Number of Targets per Pulse Laser Wavelength Laser Beam Divergence

Laser Beam Footprint (Gaussian Beam Definition)

10 m 25 mm 25 mm up to 900 kHz

47 000 meas./sec (@ 150 kHz PRR & 40° FOV) 93 000 meas./sec (@ 300 kHz PRR 40° FOV) 186 000 meas./sec (@ 600 kHz PRR & 40° FOV) 279 000 meas./sec (@ 900 kHz PRR & 40° FOV)

for each echo signal, high-resolution 16 bit intensity information is provided practically unlimited (details on request) 13)

1.064 nm (near infrared)

0.3 mrad 14]

30 mm @ 100 m, 150 mm @ 500 m, 300 mm @ 1000 m

Scanner Performance

Scanning Mechanism / Scan Pattern Field of View (selectable) Scan Speed (selectable) Angular Step Width $\Delta \theta$ (selectable) between consecutive laser shots

Angle Measurement Resolution

- The following conditions are assumed: target larger than the footprint of the laser beam, average ambient brightness, visibility 23 km, perpendicular angle of
- Incidence.

 In bright sunlight, the operational range may be considerably shorter and the operational flight altitude may be considerably lower than under an overcast sky.

 Ambiguity to be resolved by post-processing with RiMTA ALS
- softwäre
- Reflectivity p \geq 20%, 20° FOV, additional roll angle $\pm 5^\circ$ Limitations for range measurement capability does not consider laser safety.

rotating polygon mirror / curved parallel lines

 $+ 20^{\circ} = 40^{\circ}$

28 - 200 scans/sec

 $0.006^{\circ} \leq \Delta \ \vartheta \leq 0.042^{\circ}$ (for PRR 600 kHz)

better than 0.001° (3.6 arcsec)

- Accuracy is the degree of conformity of a measured quantity to its actual (true) value. Precision, also called reproducibility or repeatability, is the degree to which further measurements

- And the same result.

 One sigma @ 150m range under RIEGL test conditions.

 Rounded values.

 User selectable.

 If the laser beam hits, in part, more than one target, the laser's pulse power is split accordingly. Thus, the
- achievable range is reduced.

 14) Measured at the 1/e² points, 0.30 mrad corresponds to an increase of 30 cm of beam diameter per 1000 m distance

Technical Data to be continued on page 5 and 6

GREEN LASER CHANNEL

Range Measurement Performance

Measuring Principle

Hydrography

Typ. Measurement Range 3)

Topography (diffusely reflecting targets) Max. Measurement Range 6) 7) 8) natural targets p≥20 % natural targets p≥60 %

Minimum Range Accuracy 9) 11) Precision 10) 11)

Laser Pulse Repetition Rate

Max. Effective Measurement Rate 5)

Echo Signal Intensity Number of Targets per Pulse Laser Wavelength Laser Beam Divergence

Laser Beam Footprint (Gaussian Beam Definition)

Scanner Performance

Scanning Mechanism / Scan Pattern Field of View (selectable) Scan Speed (selectable) Angular Step Width $\Delta \theta$ (selectable) between consecutive laser shots Angle Measurement Resolution

- The Secchi depth is defined as the depth at which a standard black and white disc deployed into the water is no longer visible to the human eye. at 650 m flight altitude rounded values
- rounded values The following conditions are assumed: target larger than the foolprint of the laser beam, average ambient brightness, visibility 23 km, perpendicular angle of incidence, ambiguity to be resolved multiple-time-around processing. In bright sunlight, the operational range may be considerably shorter than under an overcast sky. Reflectivity $p \ge 20\%, 40^\circ \text{FOV}$, additional roll angle $\pm 5^\circ$ Accuracy is the degree of conformity of a measured quantity to its actual (true) value.

time of flight measurement, echo signal digitization, online waveform processing, full waveform recording for post processing

1.5 Secchi depth for bright ground (p≥80 %) 4)

2500 m 3600 m

10 m 25 mm 25 mm up to 700 kHz 5)

200 000 meas./sec (@ 200 kHz PRR) 400 000 meas./sec (@ 400 kHz PRR) 550 000 meas./sec (@ 550 kHz PRR) 700 000 meas./sec (@ 700 kHz PRR)

for each echo signal, high-resolution 16 bit intensity information is provided online waveform processing: up to 9, depending on measurement program 12) 532 nm, green

selectable, 0.7 up to 2.0 mrad 13)

100 mm @ 100 m, 500 mm @ 500 m, 1000 mm @ 1000 m

rotating prism / circular

 $\pm 20^{\circ} = 40^{\circ}$

30 - 80 lines per second (lps) 15) $0.02^{\circ} \leq \Delta \ \vartheta \leq 0.052^{\circ}$ (for PRR 550 kHz)

better than 0.001° (3.6 arcsec)

- Precision, also called reproducibility or repeatability, is the degree to which further measurements show the same result.

 Topography, one sigma @ 150m range under RIEGL test conditions.

 If the laser peam hits, in part, more than one target, the laser's pulse power is split accordingly. Thus, the

- achievable range is reduced. Measured at the $1/e^2$ points. 1.0 mrad corresponds to an increase of 100 mm of beam diameter per 100 m distance
- The laser beam footprint values correspond to a beam divergence of 1mrad.

 One line corresponds to a full revolution (360°) of the scan mechanism which can be split into two user-defined segments.

Technical Data to be continued on page 6

RIEGL VQ-880-GH Technical Data

IMU/GNSS Performance 1) 2)

IMU Accuracy 3) Roll, Pitch Heading IMU Sampling Rate Position Accuracy (typ.) horizontal / vertical

Integrated Digital Cameras 4)

RGB and/or IR Camera

Sensor Resolution Sensor Dimensions (diagonal) Focal Length of Camera Lens Field of View (FOV) Interface Data Storage

Data Interfaces

Configuration Scan Data Output

GNSS Interface 6)

General Technical Data

Power Supply Input Voltage Power Consumption

Main Dimensions (flange diameter x height) Humidity Protection Class Scan Head Max. Flight Altitude 8) operating not operating Temperature Range operation / storage

The INS configuration of the RIEGL VQ-880-GH Laser Scanning System can be modified to the customer's requirements.

The installed IMU is listed neither in the European Export Control List (i.e. Annex 1 of Council Regulation 428/2009) nor in the Canadian Export Control List. Detailed information on certain cases will be provided on request.

One sigma values, no GNSS outages, post-processed during base station data.

 0.0025° 0.005° 200 Hz

<0.05 m / <0.1 m

up to 100 MPixel CMOS without FMC⁵⁾ or up to 80 MPixel CCD with FMC⁵⁾ 67.2 mm (medium format) 50 mm approx. 56.2° x 43.7° USB 3.0 separate dedicated data recorder

LAN 10/100/1000 Mbit/sec LAN 10/100/1000 Mbit/sec, High Speed Serial Dual Glass Fiber Link to RIEGL Data Recorder Serial RS232 interface for data string with GNSS-time information, TTL input for 1 PPS synchronization pulse

18 - 32 V DC typ. 330 W (without IMU/GNSS/cameras) typ. 370 W (with IMU/GNSS/cameras) 7) max. 400 W 489.5 mm x 660 mm x 580 mm, mounting flange 580 mm x 580 mm approx. 70 kg (with IMU/GNSS/cameras and optional infrared laser scanner) non condensing IP54, dust and splash-proof

16 500 ft (5 000 m) above Mean Sea Level (MSL) 18 000 ft (5 500 m) above MSL

 0° C up to $+40^{\circ}$ C / -10° C up to $+50^{\circ}$ C

- The camera configuration of the RIEGL VQ-880-GH Laser Scanning System can be modified to the

- Carried configuration in the Nace 1 of 300 o



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