- especially designed to measure on snow & ice
- high-accuracy ranging based on echo digitization and online waveform processing
- high laser repetition rate fast data acquisition
- multiple target capability unlimited number of targets
- perfectly linear scan lines
- compact, rugged and lightweight design
- electrical interfaces for GPS data string and Sync Pulse (1PPS)
- mechanical interface for IMU mounting
- integrated LAN-TCP/IP interface

The V-Line<sup>®</sup> Airborne Laser Scanner *RIEGL* VQ-580 provides high speed, non-contact data acquisition using a narrow nearinfrared laser beam and a fast line scanning mechanism. Highaccuracy laser ranging is based on *RIEGL*'s unique echo digitization and online waveform processing, which allows achieving superior measurement results even under adverse atmospheric conditions, and the evaluation of multiple target echoes.

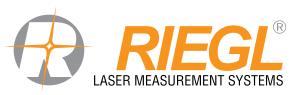
The scanning mechanism is based on a fast rotating multi-facet polygonal mirror, which provides fully linear, unidirectional and parallel scan lines.

The *RIEGL* VQ-580 is a very compact and lightweight scanner, mountable in any orientation and even under limited space conditions on helicopters or UAVs. The instrument needs only one power supply and provides line scan data via the integrated LAN-TCP/IP interface. The binary data stream can easily be decoded by user-designed software making use of the available software library RiVLib.

### Typical applications include

- Glacier Mapping
- Snowfield Mapping
- Moist Grassland Mapping
- Corridor Mapping

visit our website www.riegl.com



# Airborne Laser Scanning

## Multiple-time-around Data Acquisition and Processing

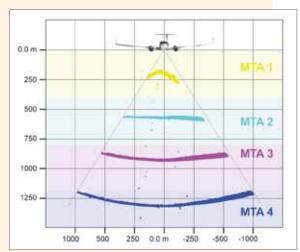


Fig. 1 Profile of scan data processed in MTA zones 1 to 4

In time-of-flight laser ranging a maximum unambiguous measurement range exists which is defined by the measurement repetition rate and the speed of light. When scanning at a pulse repetition rate of, e.g., 380 kHz, measurement ranges above approx. 395 m are ambiguous caused by an effect known as "Multiple-time-around" (MTA). In such case target echoes received may not be associated with their preceding laser pulses emitted any longer (MTA-zone 1), but have to be associated with their last but one (MTA-zone 2), or even last but two laser pulses emitted (MTA-zone 3), in order to determine the true measurement range.

Figure 1 gives an impression of ALS data where each single echo of a scan line is associated with each of its last four preceding laser shots emitted. Each single echo is represented by a measurement range calculated in MTA zone 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively, but only one of the four realizations represents the true point cloud model of the scanned earth surface. The chosen example shows scan data correctly allocated in MTA zone 2, where the earth surface appears more or less flat in contrast to the typical spatial characteristics of incorrectly calculated ambiguous ranges in MTA zones 1, 3 and 4.

The *RIEGL* VQ-580 is capable of acquiring echo signals which arrive after a delay of more than one pulse repetition interval, thus allowing range measurements beyond the maximum unambiguous measurement range.

Unique techniques in high-speed signal processing and a novel modulation scheme applied to the train of emitted laser pulses permit range measurements without any gaps at any distance within the instrument's maximum measurement range. The specific modulation scheme applied to the train of emitted laser pulses avoids a total loss of data at the transitions between MTA-zones and retains range measurement at approximately half the point density.

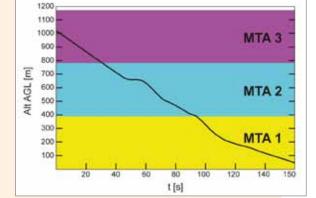
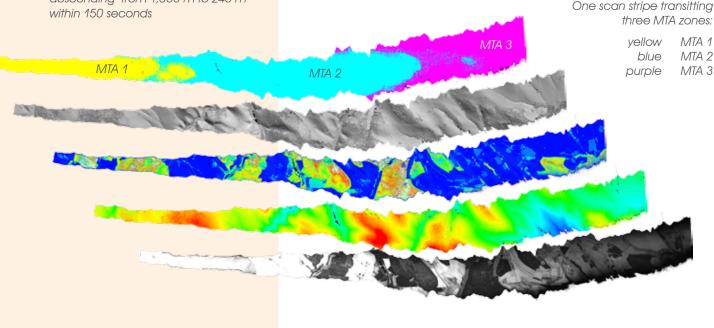
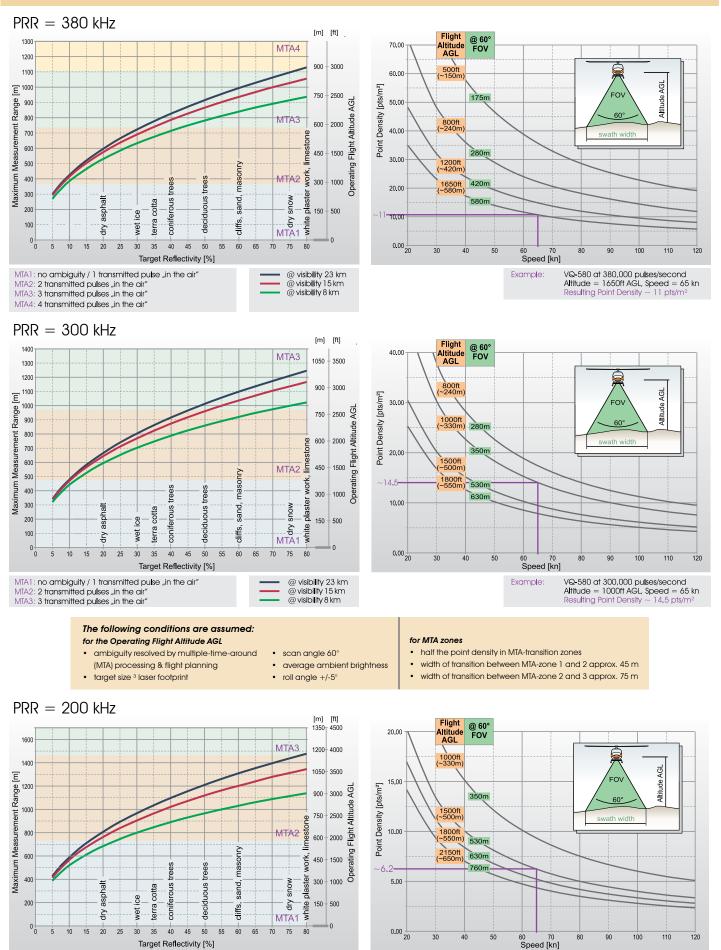


Fig. 2 Flight altitude above ground level descending from 1,000 m to 240 m within 150 seconds

The correct resolution of ambiguous echo ranges is accomplished using SDCImport in combination with the associated algorithm library RiMTA, which does not require any further user interaction, and maintains fast processing speed for mass data production.



# Maximum Measurement Range & Point Density for RIEGL VQ®-580



@ visibility 23 km

@ visibility 15 km @ visibility 8 km

MTA1: no ambiguity / 1 transmitted pulse "in the air"

MTA2: 2 transmitted pulses "in the air" MTA3: 3 transmitted pulses "in the air"

3

VQ-580 at 200,000 pulses/second

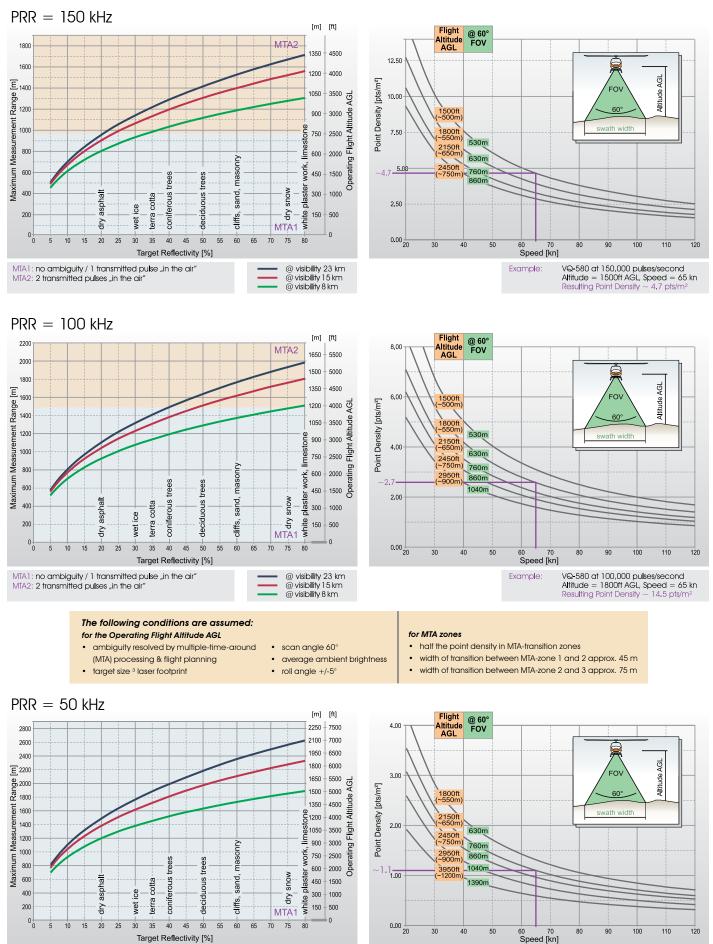
Resulting Point Density

Altitude = 1500ft AGL, Speed = 65 kn

6.2 pts/m

Example:

## Maximum Measurement Range & Point Density for RIEGL VQ®-580

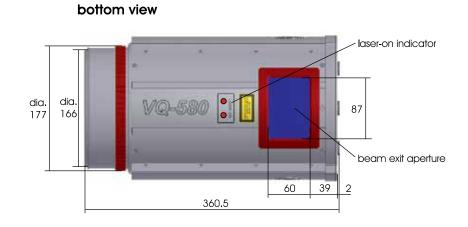


MTA1: no ambiguity / 1 transmitted pulse "in the air"

@ visibility 23 km @ visibility 15 km @ visibility 8 km

VQ-580 at 50,000 pulses/second Altitude = 2150ft AGL, Speed = 65 knResulting Point Density ~ 1.1 pts/m<sup>2</sup>

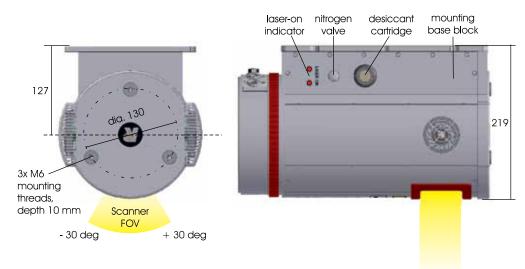
Example:

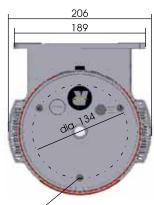


front view

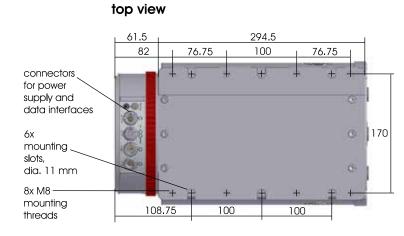
#### side view

rear view





3x M6<sup>-</sup> mounting threads, depth 8 mm



all dimensions in mm

Laser Product Classification

#### Class 3B Laser Product according to IEC60825-1:2007

The following clause applies for instruments delivered into the United States: Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007.



## Range Measurement Performance

Measuring Principle

time of flight measurement, echo signal digitization, online waveform processing

Laser Pulse Repetition Rate PRR <sup>1)</sup>	50 kHz	100 kHz	150 kHZ	200 kHz	300 kHz	380 kHz
Effective Measurement Rate (meas./sec.) <sup>1) 2)</sup>	25 000	50 000	75 000	100 000	150 000	190 000
Max. Unambiguous Measuring Range <sup>3) 4) 5)</sup>						
natural targets $\rho \ge 20$ %	1500 m	1100 m	900 m	800 m	650 m	600 m
natural targets $\rho \ge 60$ %	2350 m	1750 m	1500 m	1300 m	1100 m	1000 m
Max. Operating Flight Altitude AGL <sup>2)</sup>	1200 m	900 m	750 m	650 m	550 m	500 m
	3950 ft	2950 ft	2450 ft	2150 ft	1800 ft	1650 ft
Max. Number of Targets per Pulse	practically unlimited (details on request)					
NOHD <sup>6)</sup>	72 m	37 m	18 m	lm	-	-
eNOHD 7)	555 m	337 m	249 m	lm	lm	1 m
1) Rounded values.						

Rounded values.
Reflectivity p ≥ 20%, ±30° FOV, additional roll angle ±5°.
The following conditions are assumed: target larger than the footprint of the laser beam, perpendicular angle of incidence, visibility 23 km, average ambient brightness.
In bright sunlight the operational range may be considerably shorter than under an overcast sky.
Ambiguity to be resolved by post-processing with RIMTA software.
Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance, based upon MPE according to IEC60825-1:2007, for single pulse condition
Extended Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance, based upon MPE according to IEC60825-1:2007, for single pulse condition

or its actual (true) value.
Precision, also called reproducibility or repeatability, is the degree to which further measurements show the same result.

#### Scanner Performance

Scanning Mechanism Field of View (selectable) Scan Speed (selectable) Angular Step Width  $\Delta \vartheta$  (selectable) between consecutive laser shots Angle Measurement Resolution Internal Sync Timer Scan Sync (optional)

#### Data Interfaces

Configuration Scan Data Output GPS-System

#### Mechanical Interfaces

Mounting of the Laser Scanner Mounting of IMU sensor

#### General Technical Data

Power Supply Input Voltage **Current Consumption** Main Dimensions / Weight Humidity **Protection Class** Max. Flight Altitude (operating) Max. Flight Altitude (not operating) **Temperature** Range



rotating polygon mirror 60° (+30° / -30°) 10 - 150 scans/sec  $0.003^\circ \le \Delta \, \vartheta \le 0.36^\circ$ 

0 001° for real-time synchronized time stamping of scan data scanner rotation synchronization

LAN 10/100/1000 Mbit/sec LAN 10/100/1000 Mbit/sec Serial RS232 interface for data string with GPS-time information, TTL input for 1PPS synchronization pulse

mounting base block (with 8 x M8 thread inserts and 6x mounting slots) 3 x M6 thread inserts in the rear and the front plate (rigidly coupled with the internal mechanical structure)

18 - 32 V DC typ. 65 W 360.5 x 219 mm (length x width), approx. 13 kg max. 80 % non condensing @ +31°C IP64, dust and splash-proof 16 500 ft (5 000 m) above MSL 18 000 ft (5 500 m) above MSL -10°C up to +40°C (operation) / -20°C up to +50°C (storage)

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